

EE 521 Fall 2007
Homework 3

1. Consider a thin, linear, center-fed dipole antenna located along the z axis of a coordinate frame. The current along the antenna is assumed to be sinusoidal, i.e.,

$$I(z) = \begin{cases} I_0 \sin\left(\frac{kd}{2} - k|z|\right), & |z| < \frac{d}{2} \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases} .$$

- (a) Determine the multipole expansion coefficients of the electric field radiated by this antenna, i.e., expand the radiated electric field in terms of spherical vector wave functions.
- (b) Use your result for part (a) to determine the multipole expansion of the electric field radiated by a Hertzian dipole (i.e., as $d \rightarrow 0$).
2. Determine the Green's function which satisfies the partial differential equation

$$(\nabla^2 + k^2) G(x, y, z; x', y', z') = -\delta(x - x') \delta(y - y') \delta(z - z')$$

for $-\infty < x < \infty$, $-\infty < y < \infty$, and $0 \leq z < \infty$, along with the boundary condition

$$\frac{\partial G}{\partial z} - jkZ_s G = 0 \quad \text{at } z = 0$$

and the radiation condition for $e^{j\omega t}$ time dependence as $|x|, |y|, z \rightarrow \infty$. This is the Green's function for the half space $z \geq 0$ with an impedance boundary condition at $z = 0$ surface. Express your result as a sum of two free-space Green's functions and interpret this result by using the image concept.