

**M E T U**  
**Department of Mathematics**

<b>Abstract Algebra</b>									
<b>Final Exam</b>									
Code : <i>Math 367</i>					Last Name :				
Acad. Year : <i>2015</i>					Name :				
Semester : <i>Fall</i>					Student No. :				
Instructor : <i>Küçükşakallı</i>					Signature :				
Date : <i>Jan 19, 2016</i>					<b>7 QUESTIONS ON 4 PAGES</b> <b>100 TOTAL POINTS</b>				
Time : <i>13:30</i>									
Duration : <i>120 minutes</i>									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

**1. (25pts)** For each of the following polynomials, determine whether it is an irreducible element of the indicated integral domain.

•  $a(x) = 2x + 2 \in \mathbb{Z}[x]$ .

•  $b(x) = x^2 + 2x + 4 \in \mathbb{Z}_5[x]$ .

•  $c(x) = x^3 + 4x^2 + 6x + 4 \in \mathbb{Q}[x]$ .

•  $d(x) = x^4 + x^3 + x^2 + x + 1 \in \mathbb{Q}[x]$ .

•  $e(x) = x^5 + x + 1 \in \mathbb{Z}_2[x]$ .

**2 (18pts)** Let  $n \geq 2$  be an integer and  $I_n = \{f \in \mathbb{Z}[x] \mid f(0) \text{ is divisible by } n\}$ .

- Show that  $I_n = \langle x, n \rangle$  in  $\mathbb{Z}[x]$ .

- If  $I_n$  is a prime ideal of  $\mathbb{Z}[x]$  then show that  $n$  is prime in  $\mathbb{Z}$ .

- If  $n$  is prime in  $\mathbb{Z}$  then show that  $I_n$  is a prime ideal of  $\mathbb{Z}[x]$ .

**3. (7pts)** Show that  $\mathbb{Z}[x]/\langle x^2 + 1 \rangle$  and  $\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{2}]$  are not isomorphic as rings.

4. (13pts) Find all maximal ideals in  $\mathbb{Z}_{360}$ .

5a. (6pts) What is the smallest positive integer  $n$  such that there are exactly **three** nonisomorphic Abelian groups of order  $n$ . Name the three groups.

$$n = \quad A_1 = \quad A_2 = \quad A_3 =$$

5b. (6pts) What is the smallest positive integer  $n$  such that there are exactly **four** nonisomorphic Abelian groups of order  $n$ . Name the four groups.

$$n = \quad A_1 = \quad A_2 = \quad A_3 = \quad A_4 =$$

6. (13pts) Show that every Euclidean domain is a principal ideal domain.

7. (12pts) Consider the binary operation  $*$  on the set of integers defined by  $a*b = a+b-4$ .

- Show that  $(\mathbb{Z}, *)$  is a group.

- Show that the groups  $(\mathbb{Z}, *)$  and  $(\mathbb{Z}, +)$  are isomorphic.