

$$\begin{bmatrix} i_1 \\ v_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ K & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ i_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$K > 1$$

$$v_s(t) = V_m \cos(\omega t + \theta_s)$$

(a) Find the particular solution when  $\omega = 3 \text{ rad/sec}$ .

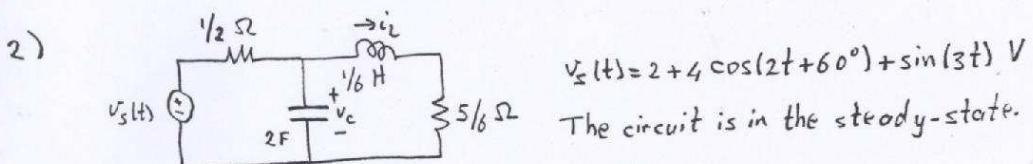
(b) Find the homogeneous solution for (i)  $K=2$ , (ii)  $K=3$ , (iii)  $K=4$ ,

(iv)  $K=5$ , (v)  $K=6$ .

(c) For each  $K$  value above discuss whether the steady-state is well defined or not. In case the steady-state well defined, find the steady-state solution.

(d) Find the particular solution when  $\omega = 2 \text{ rad/sec}$  and  $K=2$ .

Discuss the existence of the steady-state solution.

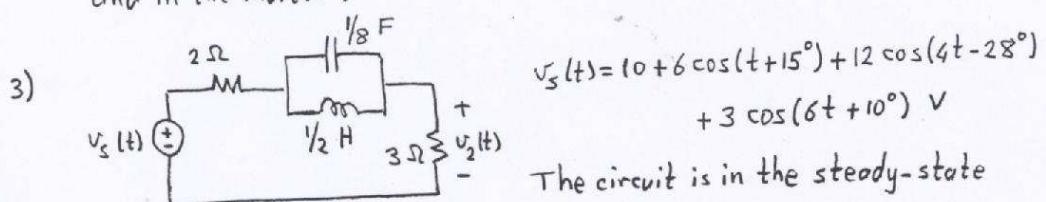


$$v_s(t) = 2 + 4 \cos(2t + 60^\circ) + \sin(3t) \text{ V}$$

The circuit is in the steady-state.

(a) Find  $v_c(t)$  and  $i_L(t)$ .

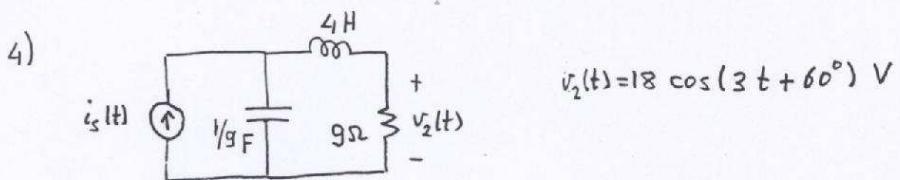
(b) Compute the average powers delivered to the resistors, the average power supplied by the source, the average stored energies in the capacitor and in the inductor.



$$v_s(t) = 10 + 6 \cos(t + 15^\circ) + 12 \cos(4t - 28^\circ) + 3 \cos(6t + 10^\circ) \text{ V}$$

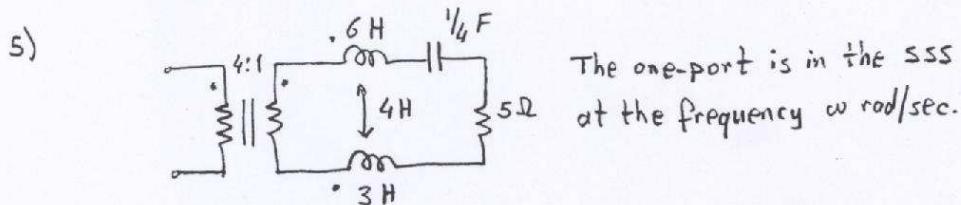
The circuit is in the steady-state

Find  $v_2(t)$ .



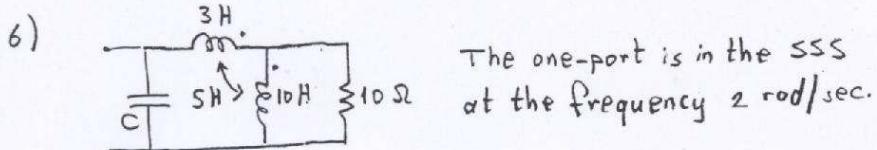
(a) Find  $i_s(t)$ .

(b) Sketch the phasor diagram.



Find the input impedance  $Z(\omega)$ .

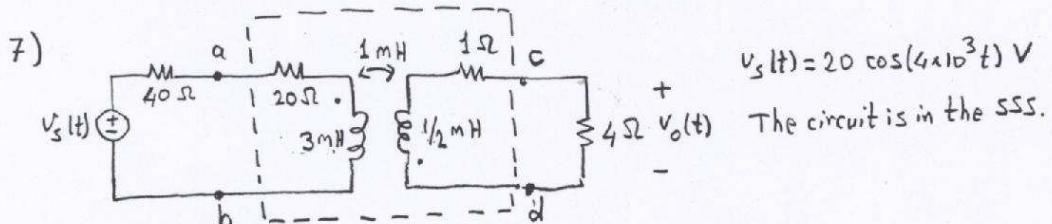
For which values of  $\omega$  is this one-port resistive? capacitive? inductive?



(a) Find the input admittance  $Y = G + jB$  in terms of  $C$ .

(b) Define  $\gamma \triangleq G/|Y|$ . Determine the value of  $C$  such that

(i)  $\gamma = 1$ , (ii)  $\gamma = 0.8$ ,  $B > 0$ , (iii)  $\gamma = 0.8$ ,  $B < 0$ .



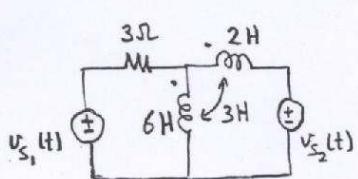
(a) Transform the circuit to the phasor domain.

(b) Obtain the chain parameters of the indicated two-port.

(c) Using the chain parameters find the Thevenin equivalent as seen to the left of the terminal pair c-d.

(d) Find  $v_o(t)$ .

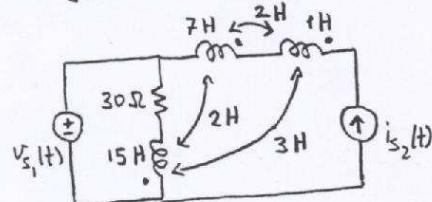
- 8) The circuit is in the steady-state. Compute the average power delivered to the resistor and the average stored energy in the coupled inductor.



$$v_{S_1}(t) = 6 \cos(2t) \text{ V}$$

$$v_{S_2}(t) = 10 \sin(t + 30^\circ) \text{ V}$$

(a)

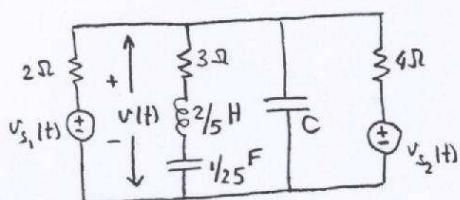


$$v_{S_1}(t) = 30 \sin(2t) \text{ V}$$

$$i_{S_2}(t) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6} \cos(3t - 15^\circ) \text{ A}$$

(b)

9)



$$v_{S_1}(t) = V_m \cos(5t + \theta_1) \text{ V}$$

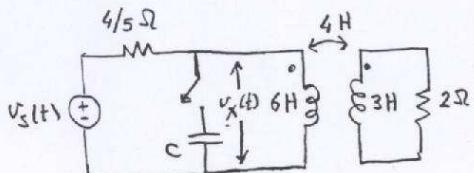
$$v_{S_2}(t) = V_m \cos(12.5t + \theta_2) \text{ V}$$

$$v(t) = \sqrt{2} [60 \cos(5t) + 90 \cos(12.5t)] \text{ V}$$

(a) Compute  $P_{3\Omega \text{ avg}}$ .

(b) The average power supplied by the left source is 2 kW. Compute  $P_{2\Omega \text{ avg}}$ .

10)



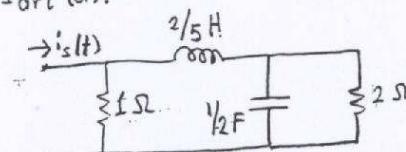
$$v_S(t) = V_m \cos(2t + \theta_s) \text{ V}$$

The circuit is in the SSS.

(a) The switch is open,  $V_{x \text{ eff}} = 10 \text{ V}$ . Compute  $P_{2\Omega \text{ avg}}$  and the average stored energy in the coupled inductor.

(b) The switch is closed,  $V_{x \text{ eff}} = 10 \text{ V}$ . Determine the value of C so that the average power supplied by the source is 1 W less than that of Part (a).

11)



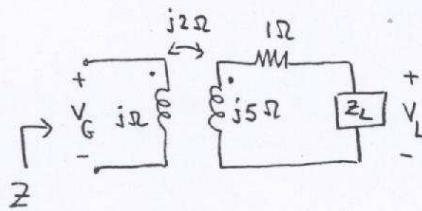
$$i_s(t) = \sqrt{2} \cos(3t) \text{ A}$$

The circuit is in the SSS.

(a) Find the input impedance  $Z$  of the one-port.

(b) Show that  $Z I_{\text{eff}}^2 = [P_{1\Omega \text{ avg}} + P_{2\Omega \text{ avg}}] + j 2 \times 3 \times [E_{L \text{ avg}} - E_{C \text{ avg}}]$ .

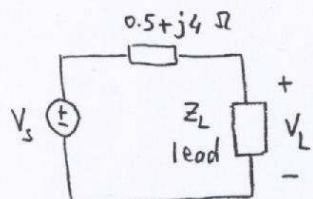
12)



$$|V_L| = \sqrt{2} \text{ V}, \quad Z_L = 1+j3 \Omega$$

(a) Find  $|V_G|$  and  $Z$ .(b) Compute the average power delivered to the resistor and the ratio of the average stored energies in the coupled inductor and in  $Z_L$ .

13)

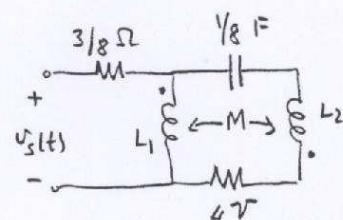


$$V_L = 200 \text{ V rms}$$

$$P_{s\text{ avg}} = 3.4 \text{ kW}, \quad P_{L\text{ avg}} = 3.2 \text{ kW}$$

Find  $V_{s\text{ eff}}$ .

14)



$$v_s(t) = V_m \cos(\omega t + \theta_s) \text{ V}$$

The coupled inductor is passive.

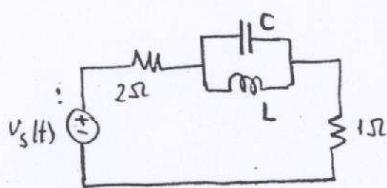
The one-port is in the SSS.

The average power delivered to the 3/8 Ω resistor is 6 W.

The average stored energy in the coupled inductor is 4 J.

The input impedance of the one-port is  $Z = Z_m(0.6-j0.8) \Omega$ .Find  $V_m$  and  $Z_m$ .

15)



$$v_s(t) = \sqrt{2} 50 \cos(2t) \text{ V}$$

The circuit is in the SSS.

$$P_{2\Omega\text{ avg}} = 200 \text{ W}, \quad E_{c\text{ avg}} = 200 \text{ J.}$$

Find  $E_{L\text{ avg}}$ .