

		<b>Calculus and Analytical Geometry</b>					
		<b>II. Midterm</b>					
Code : <i>Math 119</i>		Last Name:					
Acad.Year: <i>2007-2008</i>		Name :		Student No.:			
Semester : <i>Fall</i>		Department:		Section:			
Date : <i>9.12.2007</i>		Signature:					
Time : <i>10:00</i>		6 QUESTIONS ON 6 PAGES					
Duration : <i>120 minutes</i>		TOTAL 100 POINTS					
1	2	3	4	5	6		

1. (5+5+5+5=20 points) Let  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 4}{x^2 - 4}$

(a) Find the domain of  $f$  and its asymptotes, if any.

(b) Find the critical points of  $f$ , if any.

(c) Determine the intervals where  $f$  is concave up/down.

(d) Sketch the graph of  $f$ .

**2.** (10 points) Find the area of the largest rectangle that can be inscribed in a right triangle with perpendicular sides of length  $3\text{cm}$  and  $4\text{cm}$ , if the two sides of the rectangle lie along these sides of the triangle.

**3.** (5+5+5=15 points) Evaluate each of the following integrals.

(a)  $\int \frac{x^3}{(2x^4 + 7)^2} dx$

(b)  $\int_0^{2\pi} \sqrt{|\sin \theta|^{119} + |\sin \theta| + 1} \cos \theta d\theta$

(c)  $\int_1^2 \left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^2 dx$

4. (a) (10 points) If  $f(x)$  is differentiable, and  $\int_0^x f(t)dt = f(x)^2$  for all  $x$ , find  $f(x)$ .

(b) (10 points) Find  $F'(x)$  if  $F(x) = \int_x^{2x} \frac{t dt}{t^3 + 1}$

**5.** (5+10=15 points)

(a) Sketch the region enclosed by  $y = |x|$  and  $y = x^2 - 1$ .

(b) Find the area of the region.

**6.** (a) (10 points) Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the area bounded by  $y = \sec x$ ,  $y = 0$ ,  $x = 0$  and  $x = \pi/3$  around the  $x$ -axis.

(b) (10 points) Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the area bounded by  $y = \frac{1}{(1+x^2)^2}$ ,  $y = 0$ ,  $x = 1$  and  $x = 2$  around the  $y$ -axis.