

1) A system function is $H(s) = \frac{4(s+1)}{s^2 + 8s + 15}$.

(a) Plot the pole/zero diagram.

(b) By the help of the pole/zero diagram, sketch the (approximate) magnitude and phase characteristics.

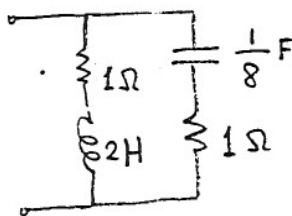
2) A transfer admittance is $Y_T(s) = \frac{s^2 + 4}{s^2 + 7s + 9}$ V.

(a) Plot the pole/zero diagram.

(b) Sketch the magnitude and phase characteristics.

(c) Given the input $v_1(t) = 9 + 3 \cos(2t + 15^\circ) - 7 \sin(3t - 69^\circ)$ V, find the steady-state output $i_2(t)$.

3)



(a) Obtain the input impedance $Z(s)$.

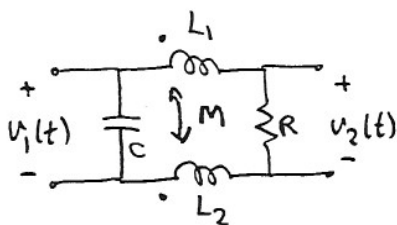
(b) Plot the pole/zero diagram.

(c) By the help of the pole/zero diagram sketch the (approximate) magnitude and phase characteristics.

4) (a) Obtain the system function.

(b) Plot the pole/zero diagram.

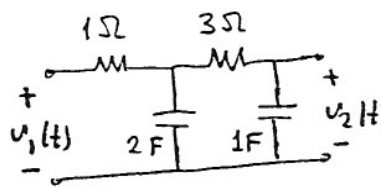
(c) Sketch the magnitude and phase characteristics.



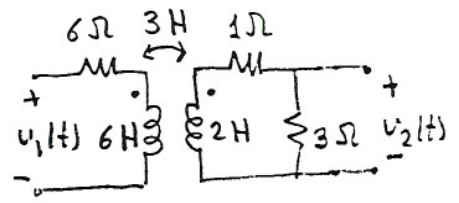
$C = 5 \text{ nF}$, $R = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$

$L_1 = 60 \text{ mH}$, $L_2 = 20 \text{ mH}$, $M = 30 \text{ mH}$

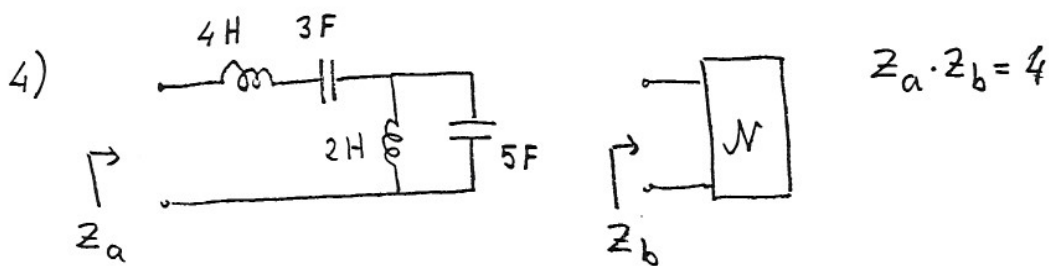
(a)



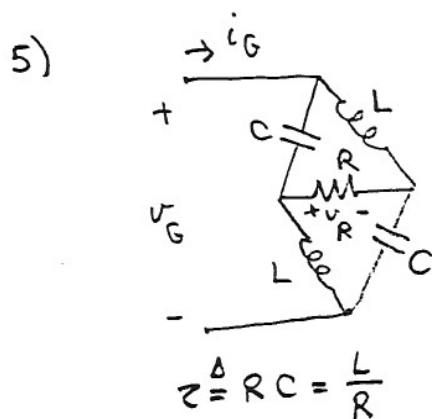
(b)



(c)



Synthesize N .



(a) Find the natural frequencies of the circuit.

(b) Obtain the transfer function $H(s) \triangleq \frac{V_R(s)}{V_G(s)}$

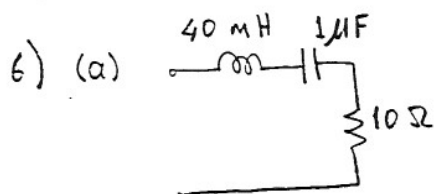
Plot the pole/zero diagram.

Sketch the magnitude and phase characteristics.

(c) Repeat Part (b) for the input admittance

$$Y(s) = \frac{I_G(s)}{V_G(s)}$$

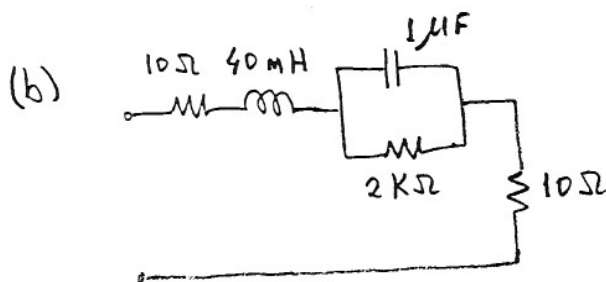
(d) What are the natural frequencies of $v_R(t)$ and $i_G(t)$?



Obtain the input admittance.

Plot the pole/zero diagram.

Sketch the magnitude and phase characteristics.



Obtain the input admittance.

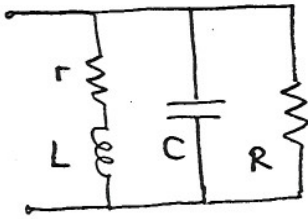
Plot the pole/zero diagram.

Find the resonant frequency ω_0 .
Sketch the approximate magnitude and phase characteristics.

(c) Let E be the total average stored energy in the one-port and P be the average power input to the one-port at ω_0 .

Compute $\omega_0 E / P$. Discuss.

7)



$$R = 5 \Omega, C = \frac{1}{2} F, L = \frac{1}{8} H, r = \frac{1}{20} \Omega.$$

obtain the input impedance.

Plot the pole/zero diagram.

Find the resonant frequency ω_0 .

Sketch the approximate magnitude and phase characteristics.
Scale the circuit so that the new value of R is $10 K\Omega$ and the new value of C is $1 \mu F$.

$$8) \quad \omega_a \triangleq 1/\sqrt{LC}, \quad 2\alpha \triangleq r/L, \quad Q \triangleq \omega_a/2\alpha, \quad R_{eq} \triangleq Q^2 r.$$

Find the resonant frequency ω_0 . Express it in terms of ω_a and Q .

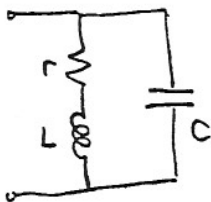
Obtain the input impedance $Z(s)$. Express it in terms of s/ω_a , Q and R_{eq} .

Plot the pole/zero diagram.

Sketch the approximate magnitude and phase characteristics.

Let E be the total average stored energy in the one-port and P be the average power input to the one port at ω_0 . Show that

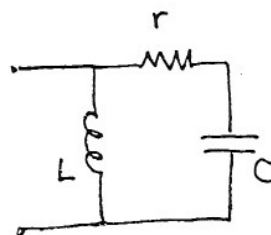
$$\frac{\omega_0 E}{P} = \hat{Q},$$



$$L = \frac{5}{2} H, r = \frac{7}{5} \Omega, C = \frac{1}{10} F$$

$$\hat{Q} = \frac{\omega_0 L}{r}$$

(a)

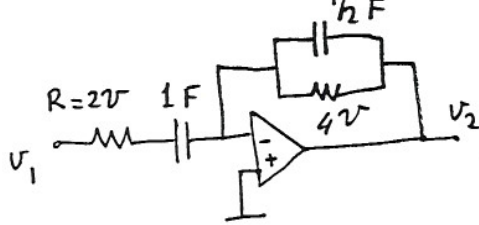


$$L = \frac{5}{2} H, r = \frac{7}{5} \Omega, C = \frac{1}{10} F$$

$$\hat{Q} = \frac{1}{\omega_0 C r}$$

(b)

9)

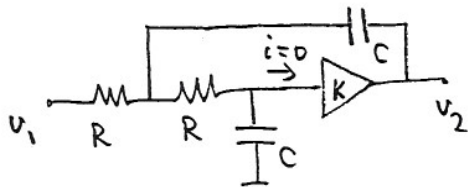


The op-amp is ideal and operates in the linear region.

- (a) Obtain the transfer function. Plot the pole/zero diagram. Sketch the magnitude and phase characteristics.

- (b) Scale the circuit so that the new value of R is $10\text{ k}\Omega$ and the magnitude response peaks at 4 Krad/sec .

10)



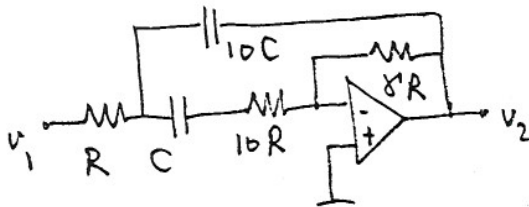
(a) $K=2, R=1\Omega, C=1\text{ F}$.

Obtain the transfer function.

- (b) Scale the circuit so that $R=10\text{ k}\Omega$ and $C=100\text{ nF}$.

- (c) Sketch the magnitude and phase characteristics of the scaled circuit.

11)



The op-amp is ideal and operates in the linear region.

$R=1\text{ k}\Omega$

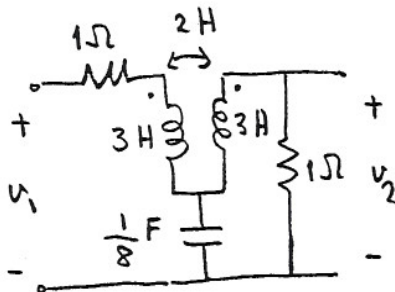
- (a) Obtain the transfer function.

- (b) Design the circuit (find C and R) so that the circuit is a second order bandpass filter whose center frequency is 10 Krad/sec and half-power bandwidth is 1 Krad/sec .

- 12) Plot the pole/zero diagram. Sketch the magnitude and phase Bode plots.

(a) $H(s) = \frac{100(s+10)}{(s+1)(s+100)}$, (b) $H(s) = \frac{40s^2}{(s+20)(s^2+s+4)}$, (c) $H(s) = \frac{s^2+100s+10^4}{(s+10)^2}$, (d) $H(s) = \frac{100s(s+200)}{(s+20)(s+1000)}$

13)



Obtain the transfer function.

Plot the pole/zero diagram.

Sketch the magnitude and phase Bode plots.

Sketch the approximate magnitude and phase characteristics.