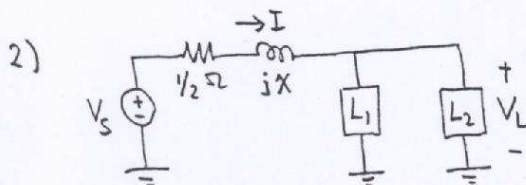


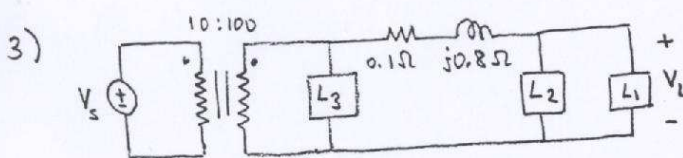
$v_s(t) = 30 \cos(4t + 24^\circ) \text{ V}$
The circuit is in the SSS.

- Compute the complex power supplied by the source.
- Compute the real powers delivered to the resistive elements and the reactive powers delivered to the dynamic elements.
- Verify that the real and reactive powers are conserved.
- Compute the average stored energies in the dynamic elements.



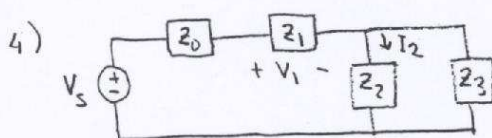
$L_1: 4 \text{ W, resistive}$
 $L_2: 5 \text{ VA, } \text{pf}_2 = 0.6 \text{ leading}$
 $S_s = 9 + j7 \text{ VA}$

Find $I_{\text{eff}}, X, V_{L\text{eff}}, V_{\text{seff}}$.



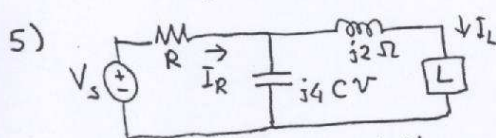
$L_1: 0.5 + j0.5 \text{ KVA}$
 $L_2: 2 \text{ KVA, } \text{pf}_2 = 0.8 \text{ leading}$
 $L_3: 3 \text{ KVA, } \text{pf}_3 = 0.8 \text{ lagging}$
 $V_{L\text{eff}} = 140 \text{ Vrms}$

Compute the complex power supplied by the source. Find V_{seff} .



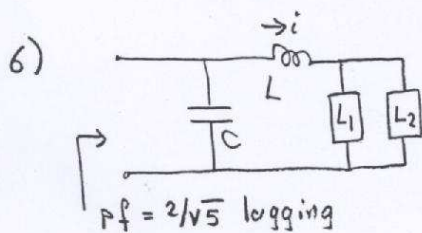
$V_1 = 0.2 + j0.6 \text{ Vrms}, I_2 = 0.6 + j0.8 \text{ Arms}$
 $|V_s| = 1.5 \text{ V}, \text{pf}_{\text{source}} = 0.8 \text{ leading}$
 $S_1 = 0.8 + j0.4 \text{ VA}, S_2 = -j \text{ VA}$

Find Z_0, Z_1, Z_2, Z_3, V_s .



$S_s = 6.6 + j1.5 \text{ VA}$
 $L: -4 \text{ VAR, } \text{pf} = 0.6$
 $I_{L\text{eff}} = 2 \text{ Arms}$

Find $R, C, I_{R\text{eff}}$ and V_{seff} .



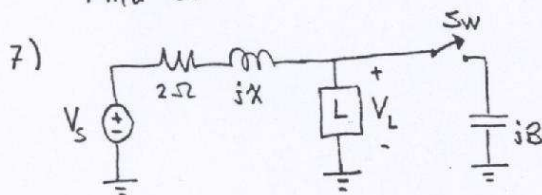
The circuit is in the SSS at $f = 50$ Hz.

$$i_{eff} = 10\sqrt{5} \text{ Arms}, L = \frac{2}{25\pi} \text{ H}$$

$L_1: \sqrt{29} \text{ KVA}, 5 \text{ KW, capacitive}$

$L_2: 3 \text{ KVAR}, P_{f2} = 1/\sqrt{2}$ lagging.

Find C.



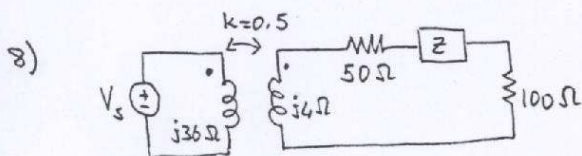
$$V_{Leff} = 10 \text{ Vrms}$$

$L: 5 \text{ VA, inductive}$

$$P_s = 4.5 \text{ W}$$

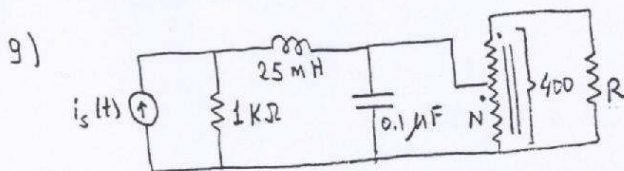
(a) Sw is open; Find X , P_{load} and S_s given $V_{seff} = 15 \text{ Vrms}$.

(b) Sw is closed ($V_{Leff} = 10 \text{ Vrms}$); Determine B so that P_{load} (including the capacitor) is 0.96 lagging. Also find S_s and V_{seff} .



$$V_s = 60 \angle 17^\circ \text{ V}$$

Determine Z so that the average power delivered to 100 ohm resistor is maximum. Also compute this power.

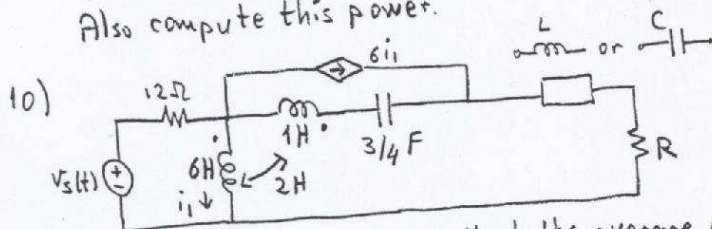


$$i_s(t) = 10 \cos(4 \times 10^4 t) \text{ mA}$$

The circuit is in the SSS.

$$R = 800\sqrt{2} \text{ ohm}$$

Determine N so that the average power delivered to R is maximum. Also compute this power.



$$V_s(t) = 20 \cos(2t + 30^\circ) \text{ V}$$

The circuit is in the SSS.

Determine R and L or C so that the average power delivered to R is maximum. For these values of R and L or C compute the complex powers supplied by the sources and the average powers delivered to the resistors.