

METU - Department of Engineering Sciences
[ES 361] COMPUTING METHODS IN ENGINEERING
Dr. Berat Can Cengiz - beratcan@metu.edu.tr - **Room:** MM906
Course Hours: 9:40 - 12:30 Wednesday (AE25)
Office Hours: 14:00 - 16:00 Wednesday

Catalog Description: Mathematical modeling of engineering problems, Numerical solution of single variable equations, and systems of linear and nonlinear equations. Curve fitting and interpolating polynomials. Numerical differentiation and integration. Numerical solution of ordinary differential equations, optimization.

Textbooks: Chapra, S.C. and Canale, R.P., **Numerical Methods for Engineers**, McGraw-Hill, 7th Ed., 2015
Burden, R.L. and Faires, J.D., **Numerical Analysis**, Brooks-Cole, 9th Ed., 2010

Goals: The course is designed to equip students with the computational skills and tools needed to solve various engineering problems and obtain their solutions using computers.

Course Outline	
1. INTRODUCTION	5. APPROXIMATION OF FUNCTIONS
1.1. Mathematical modeling of engineering problems: aim of the course	5.1. Interpolation
1.2. Some concepts in approximations. The errors due to chopping, rounding, truncation.	5.1.1. Lagrange Interpolating Polynomials
2. SOLUTION OF NONLINEAR EQUATIONS OF SINGLE VARIABLE	5.1.2. Newton Interpolating Polynomials
2.1. Bracketing methods	5.1.3. Piecewise (Spline) Interpolation
2.1.1. Bisection method	5.2. Curve Fitting
2.1.2. False-Position method	5.2.1. Least-squares regression
2.2. Open methods	6. NUMERICAL DIFFERENTIATION AND NUMERICAL INTEGRATION
2.2.1. Newton and Secant methods	6.1. Differentiation
2.2.2. Fixed-point Iteration method	6.1.1. Forward
3. SOLUTION OF LINEAR SYSTEM OF EQUATIONS	6.1.2. Backward
3.1. Gauss elimination methods (with and without pivoting)	6.1.3. Central
3.2. Gauss-Jordan Elimination method	6.2. Integration
3.3. Jacobi method	6.2.1. Trapezoidal rule
3.4. Gauss-Seidel method	6.2.2. Simpson's rules
4. SOLUTION OF SYSTEM OF NONLINEAR EQUATIONS	7. NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS
4.1. Newton's method	7.1. Initial Value Problems (IVP)
	7.1.1. Euler method
	7.1.2. Heun's (Modified Euler) method
	7.1.3. Runge-Kutta-2 method
	7.1.4. Runge-Kutta-4 method
	7.2. Boundary Value Problems (BVP)
	7.2.1. Shooting method
	7.2.2. Finite difference method

Please note that:

- Attendance is **NOT** mandatory; however, students can **earn up to a 5% bonus** based on their attendance rate throughout the semester.
- If a student misses any of the exams without a legal reason, he/she receives **zero** for that exam; however, if the student has a legal reason, he/she must take the makeup exam, which will be given after the final. There will be only one and a common make-up exam after the final.

EXAMS AND GRADING POLICY	DATE	WEIGHT
Mid-Term Exam - 1	01.04.26	30%
Mid-Term Exam - 2	20.05.26	30%
Final Exam	To be announced	40%
Make-Up Exam	Usually just after the Final Exam	