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> # Prof. Dr. Serkan Dağ
# ME 451 Introduction to Composite Structures
> # File 6.5
# Example on thermal expansion coefficients of a laminate
> restart:
with(LinearAlgebra):
> # Enter the number of plies
> n := 3:
> # Define extensional stiffness matrix
> A := Matrix(3):
> # Define fictitious thermal force [NT] vector
> NT := Matrix(3, 1):
> # Define ply surface coordinate vector in meters

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$$\begin{aligned}
> h := \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{7.5}{1000} \\ -\frac{2.5}{1000} \\ \frac{2.5}{1000} \\ \frac{7.5}{1000} \end{bmatrix}; \\
h := \begin{bmatrix} -0.007500000000 \\ -0.002500000000 \\ 0.002500000000 \\ 0.007500000000 \end{bmatrix} \quad (1)
\end{aligned}$$

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> # Define ply angle vector in radians
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$$\begin{aligned}
> \theta := \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{\pi}{2} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}; \\
\theta := \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{2}\pi \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (2)
\end{aligned}$$

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> # Enter uniform temperature change delta_T in degrees celsius
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> delta_T := dT:
> # Define Qbar array
Qbar := Array(1..3, 1..3, 1..n):
ArrayNumElems(Qbar);

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> # Define thermal expansion coefficient array
> alpha := Array(1..3, 1..1, 1..n) :
  ArrayNumElems(alpha);

$$9$$
 (4)

> # Enter mechanical properties of the unidirectional
graphite/epoxy lamina
# From Table 2.1 for graphite/epoxy (unit = MPa)
> E1 := 181000 :
E2 := 10300 :
nu12 := 0.28 :
G12 := 7170 :
> # Enter thermal expansion coefficients of the unidirectional
graphite/epoxy lamina
# From Table 2.1 for graphite/epoxy (unit = 1/ (degrees celsius))
)
> alpha1 := 0.02·(10)-6 :
alpha2 := 22.5·(10)-6 :
> # Calculate elements of the compliance matrix for the
unidirectional lamina
> S11 :=  $\frac{1}{E1}$  :
S12 := - $\frac{\nu_{12}}{E1}$  :
S22 :=  $\frac{1}{E2}$  :
S66 :=  $\frac{1}{G12}$  :
> # Calculate elements of the reduced stiffness matrix for the
unidirectional lamina
> Q11 :=  $\frac{S22}{S11 \cdot S22 - S12^2}$  :
Q22 :=  $\frac{S11}{S11 \cdot S22 - S12^2}$  :
Q12 := - $\frac{S12}{S11 \cdot S22 - S12^2}$  :
Q66 :=  $\frac{1}{S66}$  :
> # Calculate elements of transformed reduced stiffness matrix for
each angle lamina
# Unit = MPa
> for i from 1 by 1 to n
while true do
  Qbar[1, 1, i] := Q11·(cos(theta[i, 1]))4 + Q22·(sin(theta[i, 1]))4 + 2·(Q12 + 2·Q66)
    ·(cos(theta[i, 1]))2·(sin(theta[i, 1]))2:
  Qbar[1, 2, i] := (Q11 + Q22 - 4·Q66)·(sin(theta[i, 1]))2·(cos(theta[i, 1]))2 + Q12
    ·((cos(theta[i, 1]))4 + (sin(theta[i, 1]))4):
  Qbar[1, 3, i] := (Q11 - Q12 - 2·Q66)·(sin(theta[i, 1]))·(cos(theta[i, 1]))3 - (Q22 - Q12
    - 2·Q66)·(sin(theta[i, 1]))3·cos(theta[i, 1]):
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$$Qbar[2, 2, i] := Q11 \cdot (\sin(\theta[i, 1]))^4 + Q22 \cdot (\cos(\theta[i, 1]))^4 + 2 \cdot (Q12 + 2 \cdot Q66) \cdot (\cos(\theta[i, 1]))^2 \cdot (\sin(\theta[i, 1]))^2 :$$


$$Qbar[2, 3, i] := (Q11 - Q12 - 2 \cdot Q66) \cdot (\cos(\theta[i, 1])) \cdot (\sin(\theta[i, 1]))^3 - (Q22 - Q12 - 2 \cdot Q66) \cdot (\cos(\theta[i, 1]))^3 \cdot \sin(\theta[i, 1]) :$$


$$Qbar[3, 3, i] := (Q11 + Q22 - 2 \cdot Q12 - 2 \cdot Q66) \cdot (\cos(\theta[i, 1]))^2 \cdot (\sin(\theta[i, 1]))^2 + Q66 \cdot ((\cos(\theta[i, 1]))^4 + (\sin(\theta[i, 1]))^4) :$$


$$Qbar[2, 1, i] := Qbar[1, 2, i] :$$


$$Qbar[3, 1, i] := Qbar[1, 3, i] :$$


$$Qbar[3, 2, i] := Qbar[2, 3, i] :$$

end do:
> # Calculate elements of thermal expansion coefficient vector for each angle lamina
# Unit = degrees celsius
> for i from 1 by 1 to n
  while true do
    alpha[1, 1, i] := alpha1 \cdot (\cos(\theta[i, 1]))^2 + alpha2 \cdot (\sin(\theta[i, 1]))^2 :
    alpha[2, 1, i] := alpha1 \cdot (\sin(\theta[i, 1]))^2 + alpha2 \cdot (\cos(\theta[i, 1]))^2 :
    alpha[3, 1, i] := 2 \cdot (alpha1 - alpha2) \cdot \sin(\theta[i, 1]) \cdot \cos(\theta[i, 1]) :
  end do:
> # Calculate elements of extensional stiffness matrix [A]
# Unit: [A] --> MPa.m
> for i from 1 by 1 to 3
  while true do
    for j from 1 by 1 to 3
      while true do
        A[i, j] := 0 :
        B[i, j] := 0 :
        Dm[i, j] := 0 :
        for k from 1 by 1 to n
          while true do
            A[i, j] := A[i, j] + Qbar[i, j, k] \cdot (h[k + 1, 1] - h[k, 1]) :
            B[i, j] := B[i, j] +  $\frac{1}{2} \cdot Qbar[i, j, k] \cdot (h[k + 1, 1]^2 - h[k, 1]^2)$  :
            Dm[i, j] := Dm[i, j] +  $\frac{1}{3} \cdot Qbar[i, j, k] \cdot (h[k + 1, 1]^3 - h[k, 1]^3)$  :
          end do:
        end do:
      end do:
    end do:
  evalf(A);

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1869.842182 & 43.45386666 & 0. \\ 43.45386666 & 1012.517281 & 0. \\ 0. & 0. & 107.5500000 \end{bmatrix} \quad (5)$$

> # Form fictitious thermal force [NT] vector
# [NT] in MPa.m
> for i from 1 by 1 to 3
  while true do
    NT[i, 1] := 0 :
    for k from 1 by 1 to n

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while true do
   $NT[i, 1] := NT[i, 1] + (Qbar[i, 1, k] \cdot \alpha[1, 1, k] + Qbar[i, 2, k] \cdot \alpha[2, 1, k] + Qbar[i, 3, k] \cdot \alpha[3, 1, k]) \cdot (h[k+1, 1] - h[k, 1]) \cdot \Delta T;$ 
end do:
end do:

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>  $NT;$

$$NT = \begin{bmatrix} 0.001852402778 \Delta T \\ 0.002672550214 \Delta T \\ 0. \end{bmatrix} \quad (6)$$

> # Extensional compliance matrix

>  $Astar := MatrixInverse(A);$

$Astar :=$

$$\begin{bmatrix} [0.000535338414989904098, -0.0000229749403190156898, -0.], \\ [-0.0000229749403190156898, 0.000988623472188563964, -0.], \\ [0., 0., 0.00929800092980009354] \end{bmatrix}$$

> # Strain vector

>  $Res := Multiply(Astar, NT);$

$$Res = \begin{bmatrix} 9.302606854 \cdot 10^{-7} \Delta T \\ 0.000002599587029 \Delta T \\ 0. \end{bmatrix} \quad (8)$$

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