## Waring-Goldbach Problem with Sparse Subsets of Primes

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Classical Waring-Goldbach problem concerns representability of all large integers satisfying a certain local condition as sums of fixed number of kth powers of prime numbers where  $k \ge 1$ . For instance Goldbach's conjecture states that every even number  $\ge 4$  can be expressed as a sum of two primes. Let H(k)be the least integer s such that every sufficiently large positive integer subject to a certain condition may be expressed as a sum of s kth powers of primes. Following the pioneering work of Vinogradov (1937) (which yields  $H(1) \le 3$ ), Hua (1938-1959) showed that  $H(k) \le 2^k + 1$ . He then reduced his bound to  $H(k) \le 4k \log k(1 + o(1))$  for every large k. In this talk, we shall first go over the proofs of upper bounds of Hua, and then look at Waring-Goldbach problem with primes chosen from sparse subsets of integers.