M E T U Department of Mathematics

| Group | Algebra I | | | | | List No. |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------|---|----------------|----------|
| | | | | | | |
| Code Acad. Year Semester Instructor | : Mati : 2013 : Fall : Küç | h 503 } üksakal | llı | Name Last Nam Signature | : ie : : | |
| Date Time Duration | : 05/1 : 13:4 : 110 | 1/2013 0 minute | 3 2.s | 7 QUESTIONS ON 4 PAGES 30 TOTAL POINTS | | |
| 1 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 6 | 7 | | |

1. (4pts) Suppose that R and S are equivalence relations on A. Find a sufficient and necessary condition so that the formula $f([x]_R) = [x]_S$ defines a function from A/R to A/S?

2. (3pts) Show that the cardinality of a set A is strictly less than the cardinality of its power set $\mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A})$.

3. (4pts) If G is a finite abelian group of even order than show that there exists an element $g \in G$, not equal to the identity, such that $g^2 = e$.

4. (3pts) If p is a prime number, then show that the nonzero elements of \mathbb{Z}_p form a group, denoted by \mathbb{Z}_p^{\times} , under multiplication. Determine if \mathbb{Z}_{17}^{\times} is cyclic or not.

5. (8pts) Define $gHg^{-1} = \{ghg^{-1} | h \in H\}$. Define the normalizer of H in G to be the set $N_G(H) = \{g \in G | gHg^{-1} = H\}.$

• Show that $N_G(H)$ is a subgroup of G containing H.

• Prove that $N_G(H) = G$ if and only if $H \triangleleft G$.

• If H and K are subgroups of G and $H < N_G(H)$, then show that HK is a subgroup of G.

• If H and K are subgroups of G and $H < N_G(H)$, then show that HK/K is isomorphic to $H/(H \cap K)$.

6. (4pts) Let H and K be finite subgroups of G. Then prove that

$$|HK| = \frac{|H||K|}{|H \cap K|}.$$

7. (4pts) If $f: G \to H$ is a homomorphism, H is abelian and N is a subgroup of G containing Ker(f), then show that N is normal in G.