

### EXAMPLE 5.5

$$\text{ORIGIN} := 1$$

$$T := 274 \quad P := 70$$

$$T_c := 304.2 \quad P_c := 73.8 \quad \omega := 0.239$$

$$T_r := \frac{T}{T_c} = 0.901 \quad P_r := \frac{P}{P_c} = 0.949 \quad R := 83.14$$

#### Soave-Redlich-Kwong Equation of State

$$\alpha := \left[ 1 + (0.48 + 1.574 \cdot \omega - 0.176 \cdot \omega^2) \cdot (1 - \sqrt{T_r}) \right]^2$$

$$A := 0.42748 \cdot \frac{P_r \cdot \alpha}{T_r^2} = 0.544 \quad B := 0.08664 \cdot \frac{P_r}{T_r} = 0.091$$

$$p := -1 \quad q := A - B - B^2 \quad r := -A \cdot B$$

$$M := Z^3 + p \cdot Z^2 + q \cdot Z + r \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \text{solve} \\ \text{assume } Z = \text{real} \end{array} \right. \rightarrow 0.16020571045358467875$$

$$ZL := \min(M) = 0.16$$

$$VL := \frac{ZL \cdot R \cdot T}{P} = 52.136$$

#### Peng-Robinson Equation of State

$$\alpha := \left[ 1 + (0.37464 + 1.54226 \cdot \omega - 0.26992 \cdot \omega^2) \cdot (1 - \sqrt{T_r}) \right]^2$$

$$A := 0.45724 \cdot \left( \frac{P_r}{T_r^2} \right) \cdot \alpha = 0.575 \quad B := 0.0778 \cdot \frac{P_r}{T_r} = 0.082$$

$$\underline{p} := -1 + B \quad \underline{q} := A - 3 \cdot B^2 - 2 \cdot B \quad \underline{r} := -A \cdot B + B^2 + B^3$$

$$\underline{M} := Z^3 + p \cdot Z^2 + q \cdot Z + r \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \text{solve} \\ \text{assume, } Z = \text{real} \end{array} \right. \rightarrow 0.14187177366147130875$$

$$\underline{ZL} := \min(M) = 0.142$$

$$\underline{VL} := \frac{ZL \cdot R \cdot T}{P} = 46.17$$

### Rackett Equation

$$Z := 0.29056 - 0.08775 \cdot \omega = 0.27$$

$$\underline{V} := \frac{R \cdot T_C}{P_C} \cdot Z^{1 + \left(1 - T_r\right)^{\frac{2}{7}}} = 46.92$$

### Alternative Solution for Peng-Robinson Equation of State

$$\underline{\text{root}}(p, q, r) := \left| \begin{array}{l} v \leftarrow \begin{pmatrix} r \\ q \\ p \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ x \leftarrow \text{polyroots}(v) \\ \text{for } i \in 1 \dots 3 \\ \quad x_i \leftarrow 0 \text{ if } \text{Im}(x_i) \neq 0 \\ x1 \leftarrow \max(x) \\ y \leftarrow \min(x) \\ x2 \leftarrow \begin{cases} \max(x) & \text{if } y = 0 \\ y & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\ \begin{pmatrix} x1 \\ x2 \end{pmatrix} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \underline{v}(T, P) := & \quad T_r \leftarrow \frac{T}{T_c} \\
 & \quad P_r \leftarrow \frac{P}{P_c} \\
 & \quad \alpha \leftarrow \left[ 1 + (0.37464 + 1.54226\omega - 0.26992\omega^2) \cdot (1 - \sqrt{T_r}) \right]^2 \\
 & \quad A \leftarrow 0.45724 \cdot \frac{P_r \cdot \alpha}{T_r^2} \\
 & \quad B \leftarrow 0.07780 \cdot \frac{P_r}{T_r} \\
 & \quad p \leftarrow -1 + B \\
 & \quad q \leftarrow A - 2B - 3B^2 \\
 & \quad r \leftarrow -A \cdot B + B^2 + B^3 \\
 & \quad Z_L \leftarrow \text{root}(p, q, r)_1 \\
 & \quad V_L \leftarrow \frac{Z_L \cdot R \cdot T}{P} \\
 & \quad V_L
 \end{aligned}$$

$$v(T, P) = 46.17$$